

New-York



NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1887.

VOL XLVII....NO 15,017.

PEACE IN GUATEMALA.

THE WAR ENDS WITH A DESPERATE BATTLE LASTING OVER TWO HOURS.

REVOLUTIONARY FORCES ALMOST ANNIHILATED—THE FIELD STREWN WITH DEAD MEN—GENERAL CAPTURED AND SHOT.

NOGALAS, Dec. 26.—A revolution headed by the ex-President of Guatemala, Vicente Castano, against the Government of General Barillas for having proclaimed a dictatorship on June 19, lately suffered a most humiliating defeat. There were two disaffected factions, one working from the eastern department and the other from the western; the former under the Generalship of Castano, and the latter in charge of several well-known military men of the Republic.

In a range of mountains near the city of Guatemala a few days ago a desperate battle was fought between the Federal and revolutionary forces, the latter suffering almost complete annihilation. The battle was desperate and sanguinary from the beginning and lasted over two hours, the field being strewn with the dead. At the conclusion Castano was routed, and other revolutionary generals were captured and shot.

This ends one of the most bloody wars the country has ever seen. The Republic now enjoys peace.

HONORING COUNT ANDRASSY.

HE REFUSED TO ACCEPT THE TITLE OF PRINCE AND THE EMPEROR SENT HIM A LETTER.

VIENNA, Dec. 26.—Emperor Francis Joseph, in the letter which accompanied his Christmas gift to Count Andrassy, says that the present is given in recognition of the hospitality extended to the Emperor by Count Andrassy during the military maneuvers. The gift is generally believed, however, to have a political significance, the opinion being that the Emperor wished to express his approval of Count Andrassy's energetic policy. It is stated that when the Count returned from the Berlin congress the Emperor wished to raise him to the rank of prince and send him a title of the Hungarian nobility, but he refused to accept it. Count Andrassy, however, refused the title and also declined to accept an order; so that the Emperor's only way to honor the Count was to send him an autograph letter, which is the highest Austrian distinction.

THE RUSSIAN UNIVERSITY RIOTS.

STUDENTS DENY THAT THEY ARE ACTUATED BY POLITICAL MOTIVES.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that the university students there, being irritated by the action of the authorities in confining them to the university buildings, renewed the rioting. The students deny that they are actuated by political motives. They say that their aim is to secure the dismissal of the Rector, the abolition of the new university statutes and the release of the students who were arrested during the recent troubles.

Professor Mendelsohn promised to report the affair to the curate, whereupon the Prefect opened the doors and the students dispersed quietly. The students are not satisfied with Professor Mendelsohn's promise, however, and have resolved to send a petition to the curate.

M. Delaloye, the Minister of Public Instruction, has tendered his resignation, which has not been accepted, but the Curate is displeased with the Minister and has declined to grant him an audience.

MRI. GLADSTONE'S JOURNEY.

A FEW GROANS IN LONDON, BUT CHEERS EVERYWHERE ELSE ALONG THE ROAD.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—Mr. Gladstone left Hawarden for the Continent. Five thousand persons gave him an enthusiastic welcome on his arrival at Chester. Large crowds gathered at all the places through which he passed and he was everywhere warmly received.

Mr. Gladstone was greeted with mingled cheers and groans when he passed through London. While waiting for the train he was visited by Earl Spencer, Hugh Grosvenor, and other prominent men. The press was more or less uniform in its opposition to him. Subsequently he stopped at the residence of Lord Northcliffe, where he remained until to-night.

Mr. Gladstone desired to express his thanks through the press for the numerous Christmas presents and congratulations he has received.

NO REWARD FOR McNEALLY'S ARREST.

TREASURER KELLY'S LETTER RE-PUBLISHED—THE EMBEZZLER STILL OVER THE BORDER.

SACO, Me., Dec. 26.—The claim of Detective Power, of Halifax, for the reward offered by the Sac and Bridgewater Savings Institution had the effect of bringing the bank officials together for a long consultation. They say that the reward was offered for the arrest and conviction of McNeally and the return of the stolen securities; that the arrest was made in a country from which McNeally could not be extradited; that the detective had been unable to get his hands on the stolen bonds or even learn where they were; and that, therefore, Detective Power has no right to the reward.

Treasurer Kelly's letter, which he gave Harry McNeally on the latter's departure for Nova Scotia, and which was copied by Lawyer Smith in Halifax, was written a few minutes before train time on Friday night, and was, Treasurer Kelly says, for Harry to use merely as a means of identification in Halifax, with no idea that it would leave his hands. This afternoon the trustee has repeated the letter, declaring it was written by the hand.

HALLIFAX, Dec. 26.—Frank C. McNeally and his brother Harry departed this evening by train, ostensibly for Maine. Harry said his brother had been trying to get into his home in a few weeks, when matters have been smoothed over and the public interest in the affair had subsided; that the Saco bank was still in his hands by the embankment.

FAILURE OF A BRITISH MISSION.

LOMONT, Dec. 26.—A cable from Massawippi say that the British mission to the *ssina* was unsuccessful in its efforts to induce King John to sue for peace and that the *ssina* are jubilant over the failure. During the journey the mission was harassed by *ssina*. The members will sail for Cairo on the next mail steamer.

THE CABLE COMPANIES' SUIT.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—The Tribunal has fixed January 9 as the date for the decision in the case of the pool companies against the French cable company.

CRITICISING DODGERTON'S SENTENCE.

London, Dec. 26.—The judge delayed his sentence pronounced upon Daniel Doherty, the American who was tried and hanged, as monstrous. He declared that the judgment of Justice Stephens was biased by the opinion he had often expressed that drunkenness increases instead of lessening the gravity of offenses, a sentiment which many think has pronounced contrary to common sense.

DAVITT'S ADVICE TO FARMERS.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—Michael Davitt, speaker at Stepbridge to-day, repeated his advice to farmers not to purchase land at the present time. By buying, he said, they would be able to secure land on the basis of a nominal rent, to 70 or 80 per cent under the present market.

HOUSING WELCOME FOR MR. MANDEVILLE.

DUBLIN, Dec. 26.—The landlords assembled at Mitchelton on Saturday to greet Mr. Mandeville on the occasion of his release from prison. Upon his arrival he received the most enthusiastic welcome.

THE POPE'S INSTRUCTIONS TO IRISH BISHOPS.

ROME, Dec. 26.—It is stated on trustworthy authority that the Pope has instructed Archbishop Walsh and the other visiting Irish prelates to adopt a conciliatory attitude toward the Government in Ireland. The Pope to-day received Queen Victoria's Jubilee gift, which was presented by the Duke of Norfolk.

EUGENE CLEMENCEAU STRUCK BY AN ACTOR.

IRONWOOD, Mich., Dec. 26.—Marie, a member of the company, was the Wakefield Hall, Haywood, Westcott & Murray's large general store, the post-office, L. Morris' jewelry store, Miller's clothing store, the Coliseum Theatre, the Opera House and a large number of dwelling houses, about forty buildings in all. A great deal of merchandise was saved. The loss will reach \$100,000. There was scarcely any insurance and many families had been rendered homeless and penniless. The fire was started in the Coliseum Theatre, where a monkey started a lamp.

KILLED BY A LIBEUTENANT OF MILITIA.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 26.—It is now alleged that Captain Shea, of the Escort Light Artillery, who has also scolded with his wife, has swindled the management of the Chicago Military Encampment by putting in a bill for the transportation of a much larger number of men than were with the battery.

A SECOND ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE SUCCESSFUL.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 26.—(Special).—Two weeks ago Allen M. Clarke, son of Captain Clarke, of Pocomoke City, cut his throat, but his life was saved and a silver tube was substituted for the severed windpipe. He was closely watched, but he got so much better that the vigilance

was relaxed. On Christmas Day he slipped away from his attendant, pulled the time from the throat and jumped headlong into the canal in his father's premises. When found he was dead. He was a bookkeeper in New-York, and had gone home for rest from overwork.

DEMANDING DAMS IN THE OHIO RIVER.

SUGGESTIONS FROM PENNSYLVANIA COAL SHIPPERS

AS TO THE USE OF THE SURPLUS.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 26 (Special).—The Ohio River Commission will meet in Washington on January 18. The coal shippers here are talking about a plan to have Congress spend some of the Treasury surplus in improving the Ohio River so as to prevent a repetition of the present coal famine in cities that depend upon river shipments from Pittsburgh for their fuel. Captain Joseph Water, the Pittsburg member of the Commission said to-day:

"We could have some of the surplus used in constructing dams at intervals from here to Louisville, it would be the best use for it, and it would not interfere with the navigation of the rivers.

"There have been nothing to hinder us shipping coal down the river for seven months, and we have made

over 1,000,000 tons of coal since the beginning of the year.

"The great part of the present number is given up to a discussion of the essay for 1887, which was written by Lieutenant Commander G. T. Hutchings. His subject in this essay was "The Naval Brigade."

"The following is a paper by the same officer on "Tactics, Discipline, and Military Instruction and Practice with Rapid Firing Cannon," one by Captain N. B. Clark entitled "The Gun Ship."

"In which the main argument is that "the gun ship is the best gun ship."

"The following is a paper by the same officer on "Engineering Powers for Warships," also by Captain Englehardt, on "The Separation of the Passage and Navigation of the Great Lakes."

"The following is a paper by the same officer on "The Advantages of Railroads in the Improvement of the Ohio River."

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